This article was downloaded by:
On: 26 January 2011
Access details: Access Details: Free Access
Publisher Taylor \& Francis
Informa Ltd Registered in England and Wales Registered Number: 1072954 Registered office: Mortimer House, 3741 Mortimer Street, London W1T 3JH, UK


## Liquid Crystals

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information:
http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713926090

## The Ericksen Number And Deborah Number Cascades In Sheared Polymeric Nematics

R. G. Larson; D. W. Mead

To cite this Article Larson, R. G. and Mead, D. W.(1996) 'The Ericksen Number And Deborah Number Cascades In Sheared Polymeric Nematics', Liquid Crystals, 20: 2, 265
To link to this Article: DOI: 10.1080/02678299608031135
URL: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/02678299608031135

## PLEASE SCROLL DOWN FOR ARTICLE

> Full terms and conditions of use: http://www.informaworld.com/terms-and-conditions-of-access.pdf
> This article may be used for research, teaching and private study purposes. Any substantial or systematic reproduction, re-distribution, re-selling, loan or sub-licensing, systematic supply or distribution in any form to anyone is expressly forbidden.
> The publisher does not give any warranty express or implied or make any representation that the contents will be complete or accurate or up to date. The accuracy of any instructions, formulae and drug doses should be independently verified with primary sources. The publisher shall not be liable for any loss, actions, claims, proceedings, demand or costs or damages whatsoever or howsoever caused arising directly or indirectly in connection with or arising out of the use of this material.

## Corrigendum

# The Ericksen number and Deborah number cascades in sheared polymeric nematics 

by R. G. LARSON* and D. W. MEAD<br>Room 7F-212, 600 Mountain Avenue, Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974, USA

(Liquid Crystals, 1993, 15, 151)

On page 154, in the second paragraph of the experimental section, values of $\gamma_{1} / K_{1}$, the ratio of the twist viscosity to the elastic splay constant, for solutions of poly $(\gamma$-benzyl-glutamate), or PBG, in the solvent metacresol, were taken from data of Lee and Meyer, ref. 37. Lee and Meyer's data were for PBG solutions of similar concentration and molecular weight to ours. However, for the PBG solutions of Lee and Meyer, the solvent was not metacresol, but a mixture of $18 \%$ dioxane and $82 \%$ dichloromethane, and we neglected to take into account the effect of the solvent viscosity on $\gamma_{1} / K_{1}$. Lee and Meyer did not measure the viscosity of their mixed solvent, but reported it to be low [1], presumably around 1 cP , or so, which is roughly the viscosity of dioxane at room temperature. The viscosity of metacresol at room temperature, on the other hand, is close to 10 cP . To a first approximation, the viscosities of PBG solutions should be proportional to the solvent viscosity,
while the elastic constants should be roughly independent of it [2]. Thus, we expect the ratio $\gamma_{1} / K_{1}$ to be about 10 times higher in metacresol than in the mixed solvent used by Lee and Meyer. Hence, the values we reported for the Ericksen number, $E \equiv \gamma_{1} V d / K_{1}$, are roughly an order of magnitude too low, throughout our paper. This error affects table 1 , and also the discussion on the first full paragraph on page 164. There it was noted that roll cells form at a critical Ericksen number of around 40 , about 10 times lower than the predicted value of 500 or so. When the error in our computation of $E$ is corrected, we find that the critical Ericksen number is actually around 400 , not far from the theoretical value.

## References

[1] Meyer, R. B., private communication.
[2] Lee, S.-D., and Meyer, R. B., 1990, Liq. Cryst., 7, 15.

[^0]
[^0]:    *Author for correspondence.

